

ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-21: I ANNO – infermieri

Inglese Scientifico

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Course materials

Week II

ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-21: I ANNO – infermieri
Inglese Scientifico:

Articles II

Use A or AN:

1. I am going to A concert tomorrow.
2. My boyfriend is AN actor.
3. Her cousin has A very good job.
4. That was AN interesting game.
5. She is AN honest person.
6. We had A really good time yesterday.
7. Bring AN umbrella. It is going to rain.
8. Tomorrow will be A hot day.
9. Mary is A good friend.
10. I want to eat AN apple.
11. I spoke to her for A long time yesterday.
12. She was wearing AN old dress.
13. Sarah is AN excellent teacher!
14. That's A very funny joke.
15. She is A really good cook.
16. We have AN exam tomorrow.
17. I have AN appointment at 3:00 PM.
18. She wants A puppy for her birthday.
19. I waited for AN hour.
20. The doctor had A friendly smile.

Use A or THE:

1. Did you see THE man that I told you about?
2. Did you get THE birthday card that I sent you?
3. He is A very good friend.
4. We ate A wonderful meal yesterday.
5. THE meal that we ate yesterday was wonderful.
6. I have A test tomorrow morning.
7. Which shirt do you like? THE blue one?
8. I have three shirts - a yellow one, an orange one, and A black one.
9. You must always tell THE truth!
10. I cannot understand how A person like him can become president.
11. John is THE best teacher in our school.
12. She has A very nice cat.
13. My wife is THE only person I love.
14. My cousin is A police officer.
15. Betty is THE prettiest girl in our class.
16. There is A party at Bill's house tonight.
17. What time are we going to THE party?
18. Yesterday I saw A really good movie.
19. Hurry up! THE movie starts in 15 minutes!
20. I need to buy A new car.

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Prepositions II

1. I'm not capable of that type of behaviour.
a) of b) in c) at
2. Smoking is bad for you.
a) at b) for c) on
3. I'm so angry about this!
a) about b) with c) to
4. I'm so angry with you!
a) about b) to c) with
5. She was dressed in pink.
a) with b) in c) on
6. This restaurant is famous for its salads.
a) in b) with c) for
7. George is married to a German woman.
a) to b) with c) by
8. Are you afraid of him?
a) of b) to c) on
9. I'm so proud of you!
a) with b) of c) to
10. We're not associated with that company.
a) along b) in c) with
11. Don't be cruel to him.
a) to b) at c) for
12. I'm not being cruel! I'm always nice to him.
a) at b) to c) for
13. I'm furious (= very angry) with him for doing this!
a) for b) around c) at
14. She's not worried about her test.
a) for b) with c) about
15. Your brother is really good at tennis.
a) with b) on c) at
16. Who is responsible for this mess?
a) for b) about c) in
17. Rome is beautiful, but it's always crowded with tourists.
a) among b) with c) by
18. I'm ashamed of what I did.
a) with b) of c) in
19. I'm not really interested in this kind of music.
a) on b) of c) in
20. Her test was full of mistakes.
a) with b) of c) off
21. I don't remember names well = I'm not good with names.
a) with b) in c) around
22. He's really tired of being told what to do.
a) of b) at c) with
23. I'm sorry. It was stupid of me to have said that.
a) on b) to c) of
24. Are you excited about your trip?
a) with b) on c) about
25. Don't be frightened of him. He's harmless.
a) of b) at c) about
26. I'm a little short on cash these days.
a) on b) in c) with
27. This version is different from the one I saw yesterday.
a) of b) in c) from
28. Are you surprised by/at the outcome of the game?
a) by/around b) by/in c) by/at
29. I'm not guilty of this crime!
a) of b) with c) in
30. John has a new job. I am very happy for him.
a) for b) with c) about

ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-21: I ANNO – infermieri**Inglese Scientifico****Months of the year**

Month	Short form	Date	UK date
January	Jan	2 nd January, 2018	2.1.18
February	Feb	13 th February, 2018	13.2.18
March	Mar	23 rd March, 2018	23.3.18
April	April (Apr)	30 th April, 2018	30.4.18
May	May	3 rd May, 2018	3.5.18
June	June (Jun)	10 th June, 2018	10.6.18
July	July (Jul)	26 th July, 2018	26.7.18
August	Aug	4 th August, 2018	4.8.18
September	Sept	1 st September, 2018	1.9.18
October	Oct	5 th October, 2018	5.10.18
November	Nov	25 th November, 2018	25.11.18
December	Dec	7 th December, 2018	7.12.18

NOTE:

1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th

First, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth

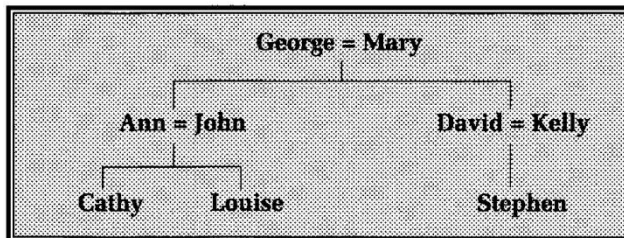
Date (formal)	Date (informal)	Name of day	Date (short)
UK English			
24 December	24 th December	Christmas Eve	24.12.18
25 December	25 th December	Christmas Day	25.12.18
26 December	26 th December	Boxing Day	26.12.18
31 December	31 st December	New Year's Eve	31.12.18
1 January	1 st January	New Year's Day	1.1.18
US English			
December 24	December 24 th	Christmas Eve	12.24.18
December 25	December 25 th	Christmas Day	12.25.18
December 26	December 26 th	Boxing Day	12.26.18
December 31	December 31 st	New Year's Eve	12.31.18
January 1	Jan 1 st	New Year's Day	1.1.18

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Close relatives (family)

A family tree

Look at the family tree and complete the sentences.



Example Ann is John's wife.

- a Cathy _____ sister.
- b Stephen _____ David's _____ .
- c Ann _____ aunt.
- d George _____ husband.
- e Mary _____ Cathy's _____ .
- f David _____ Cathy's _____ .
- g Cathy and Louise _____ cousins.
- h David _____ Ann's _____ .

- Cathy **is Louise's** sister
- Stephen **is** David's **son**
- Ann **is Stephen's** aunt
- George **is Mary's** husband
- Mary **is** Cathy's **grandmother**
- David **is** Cathy's **uncle**
- Cathy and Louise **are Stephen's** cousins
- David **is** Ann's **brother**

Also:


- Kelly is **JOHN'S** sister-in-law.
- John is **DAVID'S** brother-in-law.
- Louise is **DAVID** and **KELLY'S** niece.
- Stephen is **ANN** and **JOHN'S** nephew.
- George and Mary are **ANN** and **DAVID'S** parents.
- Kelly is **GEORGE** and **MARY'S** daughter-in-law.
- John is **GEORGE** and **MARY'S** son-in-law.

ANNO ACCADEMICO 2020-21: I ANNO – infermieri**Inglese Scientifico:****How do you feel? What are you doing?**

To use a stethoscope	stetoscopio
To have a headache	mal di testa
To feel dizzy	vertiginoso
To have a stomach ache	mal di stomaco
To feel nauseous/ sick	la nausea
To have a toothache	mal di denti
To have a bad back	mal di schiena
To have bad breath/ halitosis	alitosi
To pass wind/ fart	scoreggie
To have a cold	raffreddore
To be pregnant	incinta
To take your pulse	battito cardiaco
To take your temperature	temperatura
To shiver	brividi
To have head lice	pidocchi
To take pills	pillole
To have a stiff/ sore neck	mal di collo
To have heartburn	bruciore, di stomaco?
To burp/ belch	rutti
To be deaf	sordo
To be blind	cieco
To have a nosebleed	emorragia nasale
To use a wheelchair	sedia a rotelle
To use crutches	stampelle
To use a walking stick	bastone
To give an injection	puntura
To be depressed	depresso
To be in pain	aver male, soffrire
To have a twisted ankle	caviglia slogata
To have hiccups	singhiozzo
To sneeze	starnuti
To itch	prurito
To walk in your sleep	sonnambulo

Inglese scientifico

Taking a patient history

THE ALEXANDRA HOSPITAL 

(Patient Identification Label)

PATIENT ADMISSION FORM

Patient details	
Full name	
DOB	
Reason for admission	
Past medical history	
Past surgical history	
Medication	
Allergies	
Next of kin	

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Taking a patient history

LISTEN to the conversation between the nurse, **Shona**, and the patient, **Mrs Chad**:

Shona: Right. Let's get started. Would you mind if I check out some details first?

Mrs Chad: No, not at all. What would you like to know?

Shona: I'd just like to check your name and date of birth, and see if your identity bracelet is correct. Can you tell me your full name, please?

Mrs Chad: Yes, it's Doreen Mary Chad, and my date of birth is 5th June, 1923. Quite a while ago, isn't it?

Shona: Not so long ago. Time goes very fast when you're busy, doesn't it? Right now, let's see. Doreen Mary Chad. C – H – A – D. That's correct, isn't it?

Mrs Chad: Yes, that's right. Chad with a 'D'.

Shona: And your date of birth is 5th June, 1923.

Mrs Chad: Yes.

Shona: Alright. Can you tell me why you're here today?

Mrs Chad: Well, um, I've got high blood pressure, and I'm here for some tests. My doctor asked me to come here to see what's going on.

Shona: OK. Now I'd like to ask you about your past medical history. Have you had any serious illnesses in the past?

Mrs Chad: Yes. I had a mild heart attack last year. It was quite frightening.

Shona: Yes, I'm sure it was. Now, er, what about past surgical history? Have you ever had any operations?

Mrs Chad: No, I'm very lucky. I never have.

Shona: That *is* lucky. Now, are you taking any medications at the moment?

Mrs Chad: Yes. My doctor put me on some blood pressure tablets after my heart attack.

Shona: Do you know what they're called?

Mrs Chad: I don't know, but I've got them here with me. I was told to bring them.

Shona: Mm. That's good. Do you think you can show them to me please?

Mrs Chad: Yes, I can. I've got them somewhere in my bag. Here they are. I take them in the morning with breakfast.

Shona: Right, that's fine. You're taking metoprolol to lower your blood pressure. I'll just write down the name of the medication on the admission form. Metoprolol. Do you have any allergies to any medications?

Mrs Chad: Not that I know of.

Shona: Um. What about food allergies? Any food which doesn't agree with you?

Mrs Chad: No, no, nothing like that.

Shona: Good. Are you allergic to sticking plaster or iodine?

Mrs Chad: No. I've never had any problems before.

Shona: Alright. Can you tell me the name of your next of kin?

Mrs Chad: It's my son, Jeremy. Jeremy Chad.

Shona: Thanks. That's all for me. I'll leave you here for a minute while I get the admitting doctor to come and see you. Are you comfortable?

Mrs Chad: Yes, thanks. I'm quite alright here.

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Taking a patient history

LISTEN to the conversation between the nurse, Shona, and the patient, Mrs Chad, and COMPLETE the details in the Patient Admission Form:

THE ALEXANDRA HOSPITAL

**Forename(s): Doreen Mary
Surname: Chad
DOB: 5/6/1923
Ward: Admissions
Hosp. No: 382344**

PATIENT ADMISSION FORM

Patient details	
Full name	Doreen Mary Chad
DOB	5 June, 1923
Reason for admission	Recent high blood pressure. GP sent her to hospital for tests
Past medical history	Mild heart attack previous year
Past surgical history	None
Medication	Metoprolol tablets to lower blood pressure following mild heart attack
Allergies	None known
Next of kin	Jeremy Chad, son

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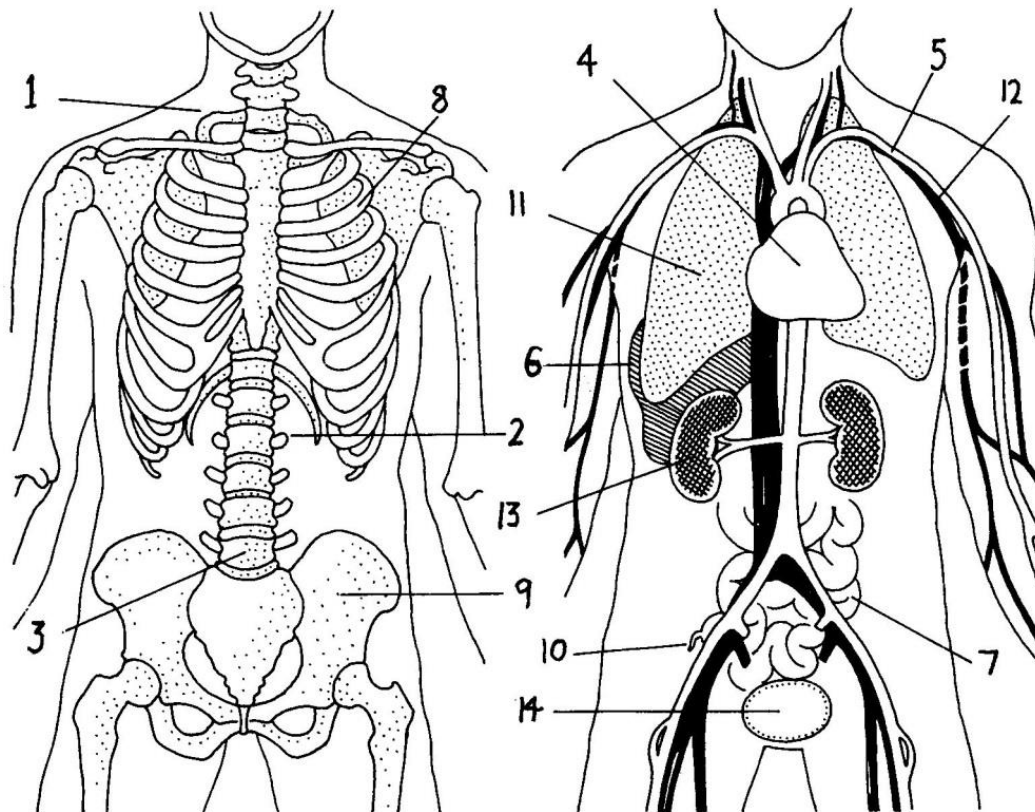
Common medical abbreviations (acronyms)

	Abbreviation/ acronym		Meaning
1	BP	a	Blood pressure
2	P	b	Pulse
3	SOB	c	Shortness of breath; dyspnoea
4	qds/ qid	d	Four times a day
5	MI	e	Myocardial infarction; heart attack
6	GTN	f	Glycerol trinitrate; nitrolingual
7	URTI	g	Upper respiratory tract infection
8	SHO	h	Senior House Officer
9	4°	i	Four hourly; every four hours; 4/24
10	RR	j	Respiration rate
11	Pt ed.	k	Patient education
12	sl	l	Sublingual; under the tongue
13	O ₂	m	Oxygen
14	ECG	n	Electrocardiogram
15	ADLs	o	Activities of daily living
16	Pt	p	Patient
17	obs.	q	Observations
18	CXR	r	Chest X-ray
19	p/f	s	Peak flow; maximum expired air
20	c/o	t	Complain of

Abbreviation/ acronym	Meaning	Abbreviation/ acronym	Meaning
qd	every day	sl	sublingual; under the tongue
bid	twice a day	im	intramuscular
tid; tds	three times a day	iv	intravenous
qid; qds	four times a day	id	intra dermal
qod	every other day	ip	intraperitoneal
		po	per os; by mouth
		pr	by rectum

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The skeleton and the main internal organs



Identify the bones and organs according to the numbers given in the diagram:

Ribs number 8

Spine number 2

Bladder number 14

Collar bone number 1

Pelvis number 9

Liver number 6

Intestines number 7

Kidneys number 13

Appendix number 10

Vertebra number 3

Arteries number 5

Veins number 12

Heart number 4

Lungs number 11

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Linked meanings

Verbs and nouns that go together

Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	B
cook	a car
watch	the phone
read	tennis
catch	television
play	in a flat
drive	dinner
wear	the train
live	a magazine
answer	a uniform

- Cook dinner
- Watch television
- Read a magazine (book, newspaper)
- Catch the train (bus, plane)
- Play tennis (football, golf, etc...)
- Drive a car (bus, lorry, etc...)
- Wear a uniform (dress, jacket, etc...)
- Live in a flat (apartment, house)
- Answer the phone (a question)


Opposites: verbs

1 Match a verb in A with its opposite in B.

A	B
love	close
start	sell
come	borrow
remember	pull
open	play
push	hate
buy	go
leave	forget
get up	finish
lend	break
work	take
be late	arrive
mend	be early
bring	go to bed

- Love – hate
- Start – finish (stop)
- Come – go
- Remember – forget
- Open – close (shut)
- Push – pull
- Buy – sell
- Leave – arrive
- Get up – go to bed
- Lend – borrow
- Work – play
- Be late – be early
- Mend – break
- Bring – take

Match a line in A with a line in B.

 In English, there is no preposition after *to phone*.
He phones me every day. NOT He phones ~~to~~ me ...

A	B
listen	my homework
do	my hair
write	a sandwich
phone	to my family
wash	a friend for a chat
eat	letters
talk	to music

- Listen to music
- Do my homework
- Write letters
- Phone a friend for a chat
- Wash my hair
- Eat a sandwich
- Talk to my family

Words that go together

1 Match a line in A with a line in B.

A	B
ask	cards
know	a word processor
ride	a question
fasten	the answer
start	early
climb	fluently
go	to a party
spell	your seatbelt
get up	work
speak English	a word
play	a bike
use	a mountain

- Ask a question
- Know the answer
- Ride a bike (horse, motorbike)
- Fasten your seatbelt
- Start work
- Climb a mountain
- Go to a party
- Spell a word
- Get up early (late)
- Speak English fluently (badly)
- Play cards (tennis, etc...)
- Use a word processor (computer)

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(to accompany the DVD of Body Worlds)

The internal organs

Listen to and watch the DVD and answer the following questions:

The body's **internal organs** are embedded in two large **cavities**; namely, the **thorax**, or **chest**, and the **abdomen**. Both cavities are separated from one another by a **muscular partition**; this is the **diaphragm**, our main **respiratory muscle**.

Among the organs in the **thorax**, there are the **right and left lungs**, as well as the **windpipe**, or **trachea**, and in the middle, the **heart**, with the entering and exiting **blood vessels**. Below the **diaphragm**, the **liver** is on the right side. Left of this is the **stomach**, which is shown cut open here. Below this, comes the **small intestine [ileum]** that is framed here by the **large intestine [colon]**. At the back of this specimen we see the **spleen**, and still further back, the two **kidneys**, with the descending **ureters**. The **aorta**, the main artery from the **heart**, runs parallel to the **spine**. Here it has been cut open.

This body has been exposed length-wise. It nicely shows the **internal organs** in their natural position. Up here, the **tongue**, in the cavity of the **mouth**; below it, the **larynx**, followed by the **oesophagus**, and in front of it, the **windpipe**, or **trachea**. In the **thorax**, we see the **heart** exposed, and under it, the dome-shaped **diaphragm**. Below the **diaphragm** comes the **liver**, the **stomach**, and the numerous loops of the **small intestine**. Finally, at the base of the **pelvis**, we see the **bladder**, and behind it, the **rectum**.

1. What are the two large cavities called where the internal organs of the body are found?
A. The bladder and the rectum. **C. Thorax or chest, and the abdomen.**
B. The ventricles and the skull. D. The lungs and the stomach.
2. What separates the two main cavities of the internal organs?
A. The neck. C. The ribs.
B. The diaphragm. D. The bladder.
3. What is the organ that is centrally located in the chest called?
A. The lung. **C. The heart.**
B. The liver. D. The aorta.
4. In the abdomen, what is the large organ located on the right called?
A. The liver. C. The spleen.
B. The stomach. D. The lungs.
5. What are the two organs located left and right towards the back of the abdomen called?
A. The lungs. C. The bladder and the rectum.
B. The liver and the spleen. **D. The kidneys.**
6. The aorta, the main artery running from the heart, runs parallel with what part of the body?
A. The bronchi. C. The ribs.
B. The spine. D. The arms.
7. What lies in front of the oesophagus?
A. The trachea. C. The spine.
B. The neck. D. The tongue.
8. At the base of the pelvis, what lies behind the bladder?
A. The colon. **C. The rectum.**
B. The ileum. D. The stomach.